

GeoNetwork

Going to micro-services







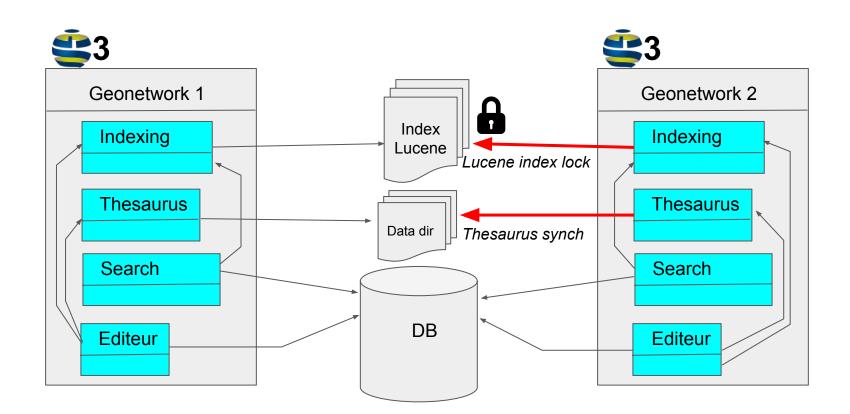
Microservices for resilience

 Moving to Elasticsearch is a first step towards the "microservices" approach

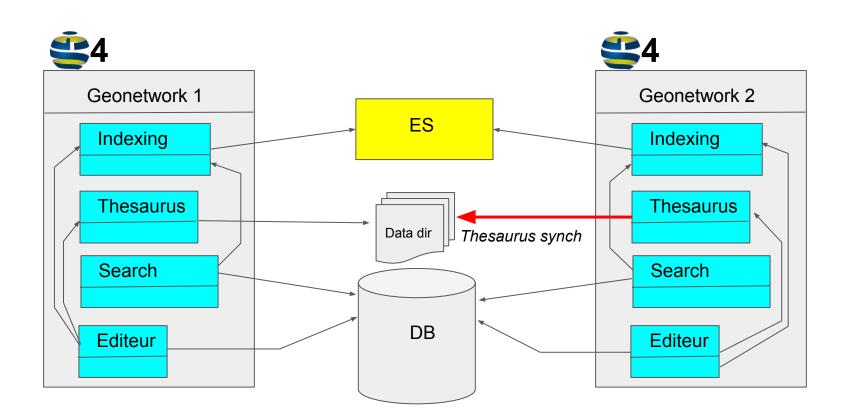
 If multiple instances write to the same lucene index, they run into a file lock. Problem solved if GeoNetwork does not manage the index by itself anymore

 It is not the Geonetwork business anymore to manage the lucene index => less code to maintain

Clustering issues in version 3

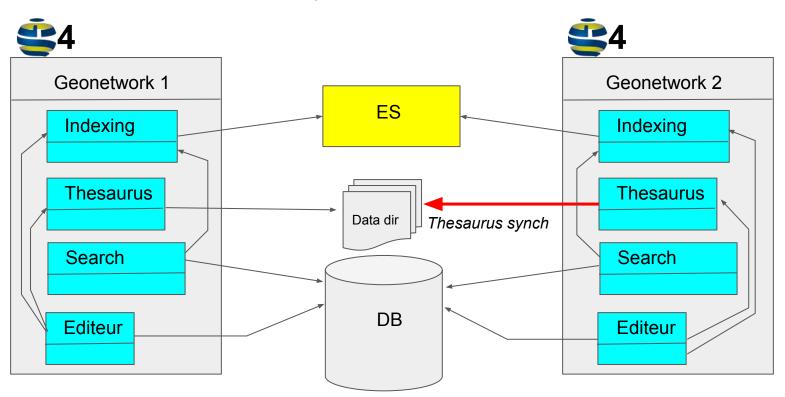


Version 4 solves the index lock



Version 4 solves the index lock ... But still some other issues

(eg. thesaurus, formatter cache)



"100% availability"

eg. geocat.ch 躞

Can the GeoNetwork search (and CSW) be 100% available, even if the editor is down / very busy?

- => How to split Geonetwork even more?
- => How to scale search functions?

Harvesting should not alter main app performances

eg. Ifremer/Sextant Ifremer

How to split the application and have background tasks running independently?

(background tasks = harvesting, validation, processing, link analysis, indexing ...)

Some tasks are too resource-consuming

eg. every actions related to MD selection

- How to stream large responses?
- Shall we move some actions to asynchronous processes running in the background?
- If so, which ones ? MEF-PDF-CSV export, ...

Modularity

- Projects may only require harvesting and search features (eg. a national INSPIRE portal)
- Some components could be turned off (and free some resources)
 - Editor
 - Thesaurus
 - Map viewer
 - O ...

Microservices can help solving these issues

What's next?

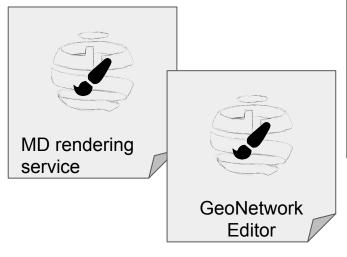
What is GeoNetwork?



Technically speaking, the geonetwork webapp embeds:

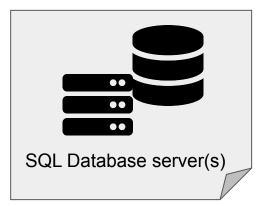
- A relational database (h2, PostgreSQL, ...)
- A thesaurus repository (RDF store)
- An indexation system (Lucene)
- A web UI based on AngularJS, allowing to:
 - Search
 - Edit metadatas
 - Visualize spatial datas
- Some harvesters to crawl remote services with different protocols
- And other features ...

Could it be more like ...?

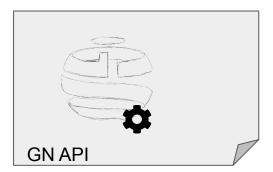


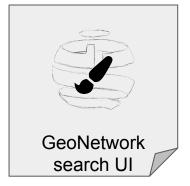


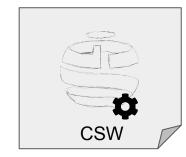












Each component

- could be instantiated alone ... (modularity)
- ... on its own resources (horizontal scalability, response time more predictable)
- Several times (availability)
- Not deployed if not needed (resource-savvy)

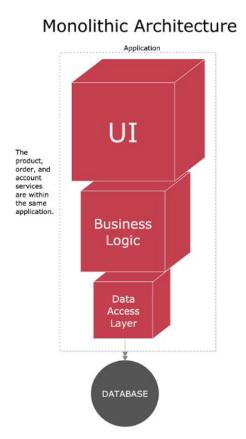
"A microservice is a small, loosely coupled, distributed service.

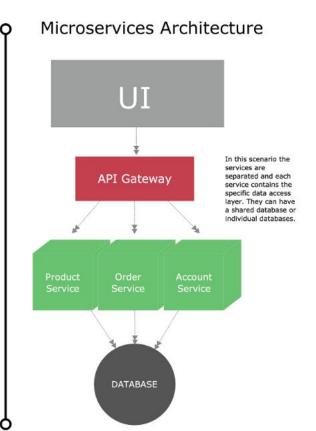
Microservices allow you to take an **extensive application** and decompose it into **easy-to-manage components with narrowly-defined responsibilities**."

Challenges

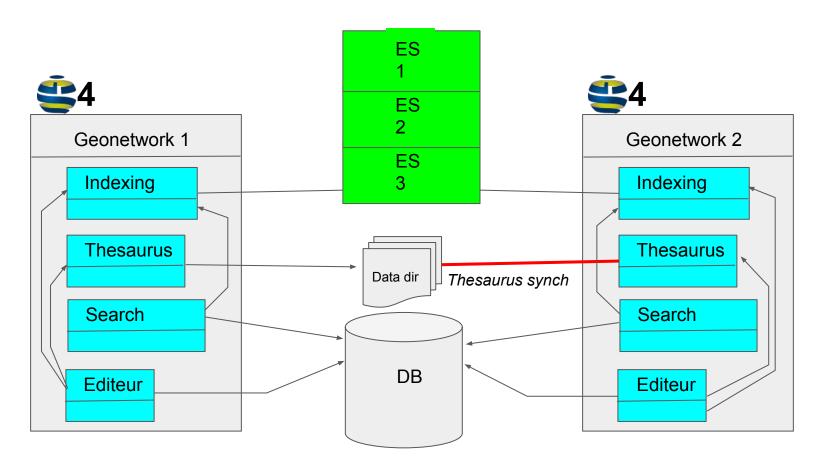
- From 1 monolithic webapp to several ones, which have to be taken care of separately ~ from 1 single server to a distributed system
- Having a good monitoring solution becomes crucial to:
 - Detect faults fast
 - Act consequently
- It will also be a good opportunity to do some cleanup:
 - Simplifying access controls
 - Remove unused features
 - Removing last parts relying on the former Java framework (Jeeves)
 - Ensure compatibility with newer versions of Java
 - Dependency upgrades

Monolithic vs microservices architecture

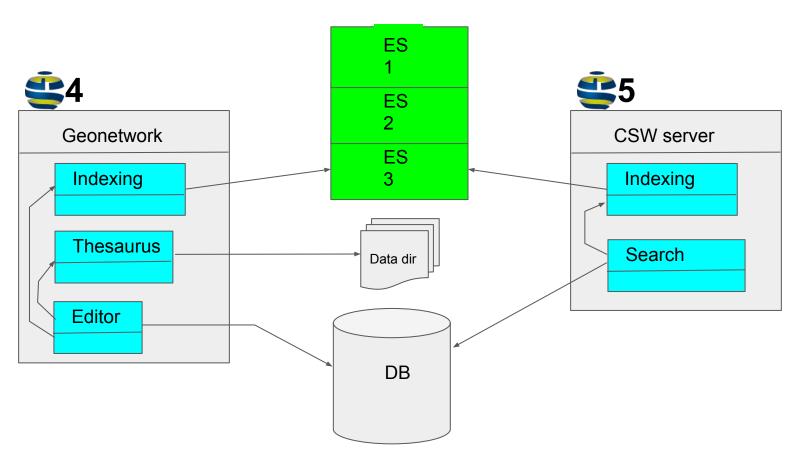




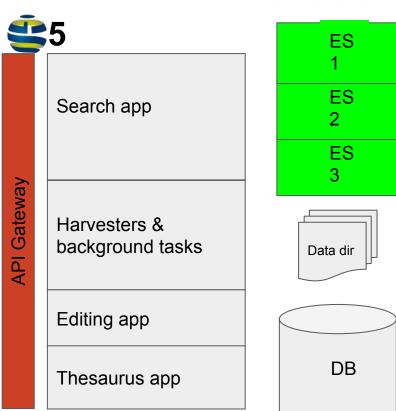
Cluster the index



GeoNetwork Modularity

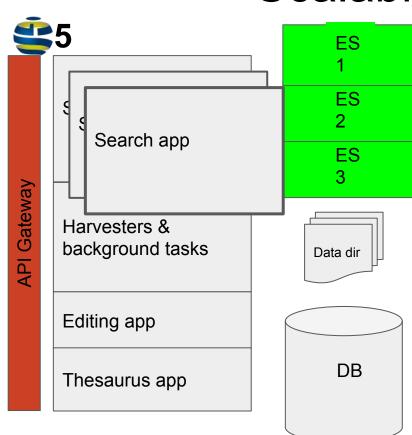


"Microservices"



User

Scalability



User

A suggested "roadmap" / Conception & study

- What / how to split things? Which features should be kept? What could be abandoned? What could be a microservice in itself?
 "GeoNetwork features tour"
- Does the data model (SQL Database) require a rework, having the microservices approach in mind?
- Identify the "locks" (file lock on lucene indexes was an example)
- Setting up message queueing for microservices interactions & communications: state of the art?
- Do we need to reorganize the project's code layout (repository)?

A suggested "roadmap" / Development

- Updating libraries / Improving new Java versions compatibility
- Begin with a simple one: splitting the harvesting logic and/or the CSW server into a separate service outside of the main webapp
- The "API gateway" brick (schema on the previous slides)
- Iterating over the other identified parts

Conclusion

- Some issues & Nice-to-have in GeoNetwork have been identified
- Microservices can be an answer to some of them
- Going to microservices will require investigations & conception
- Elasticsearch was a first step to the "Microservices journey"



Thank you

Rest API

Simple view formatting microservice

es index

"uuid": '9fa99621-f639-436b-b5b2... "title": 'Zonage d'assainissement ...

"abstract": Document réglementa...

...

"uuid": '2294-4e48-9c0f-fc83c5478... "title": 'Museum von dem Museum... "abstract": 'Interaktive Karte der M...

"uuid": 4bd598c6-7677-44bc-928f...

"title": 'Prescription linéraire du P... "abstract": Le Code de l'urbanism...

...

Rest API

Searching microservice

es index

"uuid": '9fa99621-f639-436b-b5b2... "title": 'Zonage d'assainissement ...

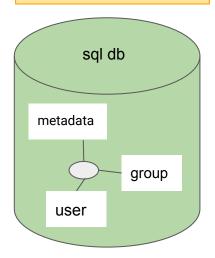
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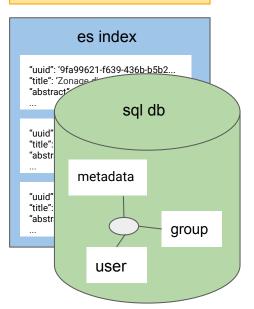
Rest API

Full view formatting microservice



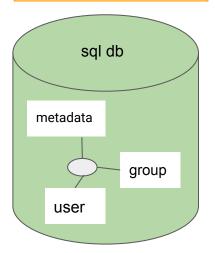


Indexing microservice



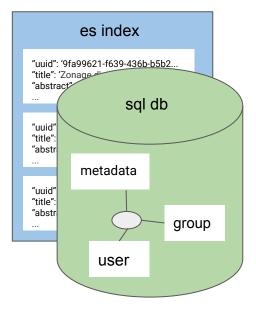
Rest API

Editing / validating microservice



Rest API

Being harvested microservice







Rest API

Caching & retrieving formatted view microservice

